CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1	1. A method for dithering a desired signal having a frequency band, the
2	method comprising:
3	generating a noise signal;
4	amplifying the noise signal;
5	filtering the amplified noise signal, so as to prevent that noise signal from adversely
6	affecting the frequency band of the desired signal; and
7	diplexing the filtered noise signal with the desired signal to produce a signal+noise
8	signal.
1	2. The method of claim 1 further comprising:
2	providing the signal+noise signal to a noise-based application.
1	3. The method of claim 2 wherein the noise-based application is a data
2	conversion process.
1	4. The method of claim 1 wherein the noise signal is thermal noise.
1	5. The method of claim 1 wherein filtering the amplified noise signal includes
2	low-pass filtering that noise signal.
1	6. The method of claim 1 wherein diplexing the filtered noise signal with the
2	desired signal to produce a signal+noise signal includes providing insertion loss associated
3	with the desired signal and the noise signal of 1 dB or less.
1	7. A method for dithering a desired signal having a frequency band, the
2	method comprising:
3	generating a noise signal;
4	amplifying the noise signal; and

- combining the amplified noise signal with the desired signal to produce a signal+noise signal, wherein both the desired signal and the noise signal experience insertion loss of 3 dB or less.
- 1 8. The method of claim 7 wherein amplifying the noise signal further includes: 2 filtering the noise signal, so as to prevent the noise signal from adversely affecting 3 the frequency band of the desired signal.
- 1 9. The method of claim 8 wherein filtering the noise signal includes low-pass 2 filtering that noise signal.
- 1 10. The method of claim 7 wherein combining the amplified noise signal with 2 the desired signal further includes combining a second noise signal, and the desired signal 3 + noise signal includes the second noise signal.
- 1 11. The method of claim 7 further comprising:
 2 providing the signal+noise signal to a noise-based application.
- 1 12. The method of claim 11 wherein the noise-based application is a data 2 conversion process.
- 1 13. The method of claim 7 wherein the noise signal is thermal noise.
- 1 14. The method of claim 7 wherein the insertion loss experienced by the noise 2 signal is less than 1 dB.
- 1 15. A self-contained dithering device comprising:
- a noise source adapted to generate a noise signal;
- an amplification stage adapted to amplify the noise signal; and
- a diplexer adapted to diplex the filtered noise signal with the desired signal to produce a signal+noise signal that can be used in a data conversion process.

- 1 16. The device of claim 15 wherein the amplification stage is further adapted to 2 filter the noise signal, so as to prevent that noise signal from adversely affecting the 3 frequency band of the desired signal.
- 1 17. The device of claim 15 wherein the amplification stage further includes one 2 or more active low-pass filters adapted to filter the noise signal.
- 1 18. The device of claim 15 wherein the noise signal is thermal noise.
- 1 19. The device of claim 15 wherein the diplexer provides an insertion loss 2 associated with the noise signal that is 1 dB or less.
- 1 20. The device of claim 15 wherein the device is contained in a package having 2 a power input, a desired signal input, a signal+noise output, and a common.